

**MAH-CET 2024 FOR  
BCA BBA BBM BMS**



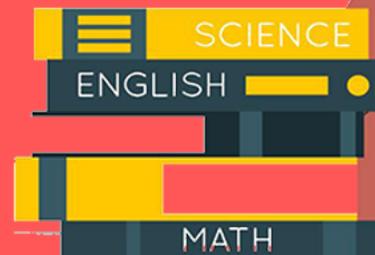
**CRASH  
COURSE**

**DAY - 32**

**MATHS**



**SIMPLIFICATION**





Mock Test →

[10 mock Test]  
NTA & CET

PAID

Minimum

OPINION

Community/WA/TG

Google Form

**TOTAL  
QUESTIONS  
TODAY:**

**15**

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2 Mock Test Comment

FREE

90 mins





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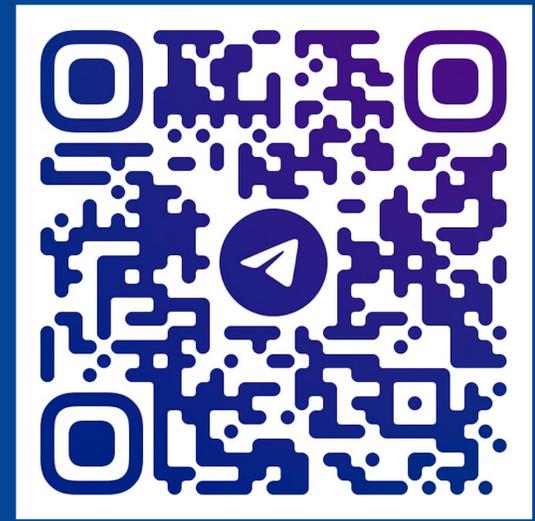
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# SIMPLIFICATION

Calculation  
formula's

exp. / eqn

$$\frac{10^2}{15^3} = \left[ \frac{2}{3} \right]$$

Get the simplified form of the expression or  
derive a final value.

BASIC  
MATHS CRASH  
COURSE



# Rule 1:



**B**

Bracket



$2^2$   $e^x$

**O**

Of



**D**

Division



**M**

Multiplication



**A**

Addition



**S**

Subtraction



$$[60 \times 3 + 2] + 50 - 12$$



# BASIC MATHS

## Rule 2: Algebraic Formulae:

1.  $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

2.  $(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$

3.  $a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$

4.  $(x + a)(x + b) = x^2 + (a + b)x + ab$

5.  $(a + b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3ab(a + b)$

6.  $(a - b)^3 = a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3 = a^3 - b^3 - 3ab(a - b)$

7.  $a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$

8.  $a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$

9.  $(a + b + c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2ab + 2bc + 2ac$

10.  $\frac{a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc}{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ac} = a + b + c$



# Rule 3: Law of Indices / Exponents

$$1. a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$2. \frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$$

$$3. (a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$$

$$4. a^m \times b^m = (ab)^m$$

$$5. \frac{a^m}{b^m} = \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^m$$

$$6. a^0 = 1$$

$$7. \sqrt[n]{a} = a^{\frac{1}{n}}$$



1. The value of  $1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{9}}}$  is

(a)  $\frac{10}{19}$       (b)  $\frac{9}{10}$   
(c)  $\frac{29}{10}$       (d)  $\frac{10}{9}$

$$1 + \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\frac{9+1}{9} = \frac{10}{9}$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{9}{10}} = 1 + \frac{1}{\frac{19}{10}}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{10}{19}$$

$$= \frac{29}{19}$$





3.

If  $2^x = 4^y = 8^z$  and  $\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{4y} + \frac{1}{4z} = 4$ , then the value of  $x$  is

(a)  $\frac{7}{32}$   
(b)  $\frac{7}{16}$   
(c)  $\frac{7}{48}$   
(d) none of these

$\frac{7}{16} = x$

$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$

$2^x = 4^y = 8^z$   
 $2^x = (2^2)^y = (2^3)^z$   
 $2^x = 2^{2y} = 2^{3z}$

$x = 2y = 3z$

$x = 2y$

$x = 3z$

$y = \frac{x}{2}$

$z = \frac{x}{3}$

$\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{4(\frac{x}{2})} + \frac{1}{4(\frac{x}{3})} = 4$

$\frac{2x}{2x \cdot 2x} + \frac{2x}{2x \cdot 2x} + \frac{3}{4x} = 4$   
 $\frac{7}{4x} = 4$



4.  $\sqrt{\frac{9.5 \times 0.0085 \times 18.9}{0.0017 \times 19 \times 2.1}}$  is equal to  
(a) 0.15 (b) 0.5  
(c) 15 (d) 250

$$\sqrt{\frac{5 \cancel{9} \cdot 5 \times 8 \cancel{5} \cdot 5 \times \cancel{18} \cdot 9 \times \cancel{10000}}{1 \cdot \cancel{17} \times \cancel{1} \cdot 9 \times \cancel{2} \cdot 1 \times \cancel{10000}}}$$

$$\sqrt{\underline{5 \times 5 \times 9}}$$

$$\underline{5 \times 3} = \underline{15}$$



5. The value of  $\left( \frac{0.896 \times 0.752 + 0.896 \times 0.248}{0.7 \times 0.034 + 0.7 \times 0.966} \right)$  is

(a) 1.28      (b) 0.976  
(c) 9.76      (d) 12.8

$$\frac{ab + ac}{a(b+c)}$$

$$0.896 \times 10$$

$$0.7 \times 10 = 7$$
$$\frac{0.896 \times 1000}{0.7 \times 1000} = \frac{896}{7} = 128$$

$$\frac{0.896(0.752 + 0.248)}{0.7(0.034 + 0.966)}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 966 \\ 34 \\ \hline 1000 \end{array}$$



6.

The value of  $\frac{1-x^4}{1+x} \div \frac{1+x^2}{x} \times \frac{1}{x(1-x)}$  is

(a)  $\frac{1}{x}$  (b)  $1+x$   
 (c)  $1-x^2$  (d)  $1$

$$\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} \times \frac{d}{c}$$

$$1-x^2 = (1+x)(1-x)$$

$$\frac{(1^2)^2 - (x^2)^2}{1+x} \times \frac{x}{1+x^2} \times \frac{1}{x(1-x)}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{(1+x^2)} \cancel{(1+x)} \cancel{(1-x)}}{\cancel{(1+x)}} \times \frac{\cancel{x}}{\cancel{1+x^2}} \times \frac{1}{\cancel{x(1-x)}}$$

$$1^4 - x^4 = (1^2)^2 - (x^2)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 1^2 \quad b = x^2$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

2-3



7. If  $5x + 13 = 31$  then value of  $\sqrt{5x + 31} = ?$

A. 5

B. 6

C. 7

D. 8

$$5x = 31 - 13$$

$$5x = 18$$

$$\sqrt{18 + 31}$$

$$= \sqrt{49}$$

$$= 7$$



8. If  $x - 5 = 1$ , then what is the value of  $x + 7$ ?

- A. 5
- B. 7
- C. 8
- D. 13

$$x = 1 + 5 = 6$$

$$6 + 7$$



9. What is the correct value of  $\frac{5^4 - 5^3}{4}$  ?

- A.  $5^3$
- B.  $1/5$
- C.  $5^4$
- D.  $5/4$

$$= \frac{5^3 \cdot 5^1 - 5^3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{5^3 (5 - 1)}{4}$$

$$= \frac{5^3 \times 4}{4}$$

$$= 5^3$$

$$a^n \times a^m = a^{(n+m)}$$



10. If  $a^x = b$ ;  $b^y = c$ ;  $c^z = a$  then what is the value of  $xyz =$

- A. c
- B. a
- C. b
- D. 1

$$(a^x)^y = c$$

$$a^{xy} = c$$

$$(a^{xy})^z = a$$

$$\underline{a^{xyz}} = \underline{a^1}$$

$$\underline{xyz = 1}$$



11. 70% of 1680 + ?% of 1750 = 55% of 2820 - 886

- A. 34
- B. -28.4
- C. -38.6
- D. -29.2

$$\frac{70}{100} \times 1680 + \frac{x}{100} \times 1750 = \frac{55}{100} \times 2820 - 886$$

-14.6 x 2

1176 +  $\frac{x}{10} \times 175$

= 1551 - 886

$\frac{x}{10} \times 175 = -511 \times 10 \div 2$   
175 35

210 140



12.  $14\frac{2}{7}\%$  of 91 + 9.09% of 198 - ? = 30

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 5

$$\frac{100}{7}\%$$

$$9 \times 10 = 90$$
$$\underline{9 \times 11 = 99}$$

$$\frac{100}{7} \times \frac{1}{100} \times 91 + \frac{9.09}{100} \times 198 - x = 30$$

$$\frac{13}{7} \times 91 + \frac{18}{11} \times 198 - x = 30$$

$$31 - x = 30 + x$$

$$31 - 30 = x$$

→ 1



13. 28% of 85 + 13.2 = ?

- A. 35
- B. 37**
- C. 39
- D. 41

$$\frac{28}{100} \times 85 + 13.2 =$$

$$\frac{20}{105} \times 23.8$$

$$\frac{119}{5} + 13.2$$

$$\underline{\underline{23.8 + 13.2}}$$

37



14.  $1200 \div 15 \times 25 + 437 = ?$

- A. 2437
- B. 2380
- C. 2925
- D. 2800

A

80

$$\frac{\cancel{1200}}{15} \times 25 + 437$$

40

$$\underline{2000} + \underline{437}$$

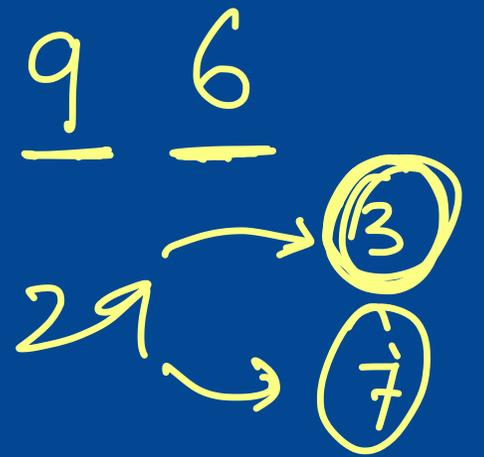
2437



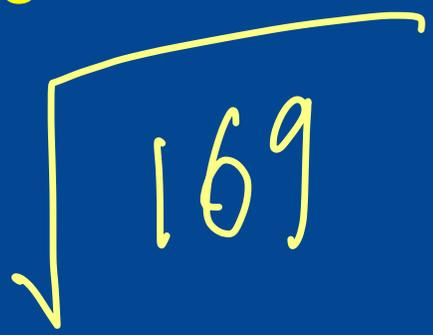
15.  $\sqrt{\sqrt{9216} + \sqrt{5329}} = ?^2 - 12$



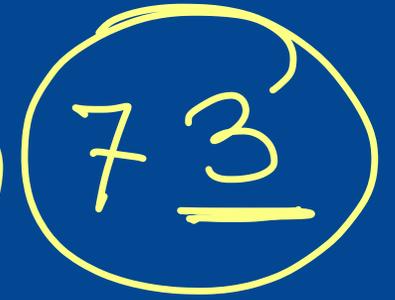
- A. 7
- B. 4
- C. 5
- D. 6
- E. 8



- 0
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4 - 16
- 5
- 6 - 36
- 7
- 8
- 9



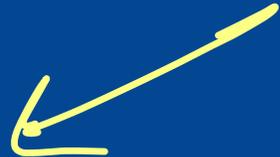
$13 = x^2 - 12$   
 $13 + 12 = x^2$   
 $x = 5$



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**DAY - 33**

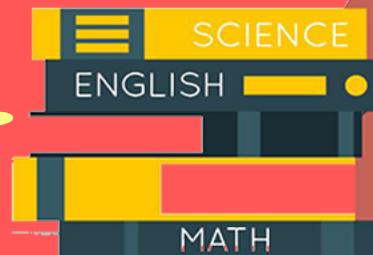


**REASONING**

**STATEMENT &  
CONCLUSIONS**



**CRASH  
COURSE**





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