

FREE COURSE FOR BBA BBM BMS BCA

DAY 02



MATHS SIMPLI- FICATION

INVINCIBLE 2.0
MAH CET BBA BCA
& CUET UG GT 2025





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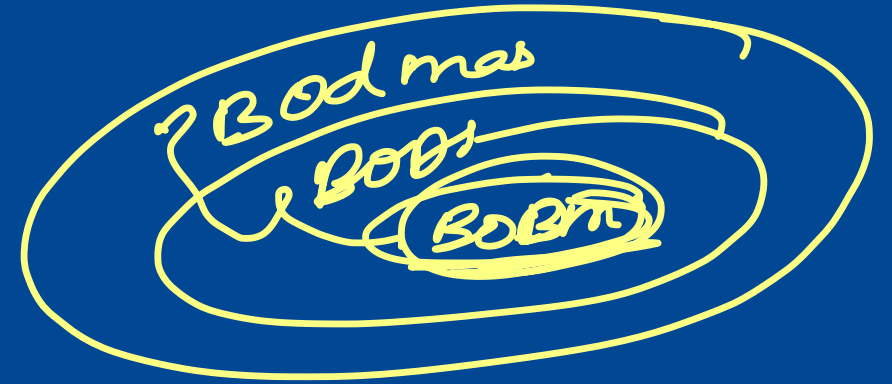
FOR MAH CET FOR BBA BBM BMS BCA & CUET UG PAPER 3 GENERAL TEST

Simplification



Rule of BODMAS

Bracket

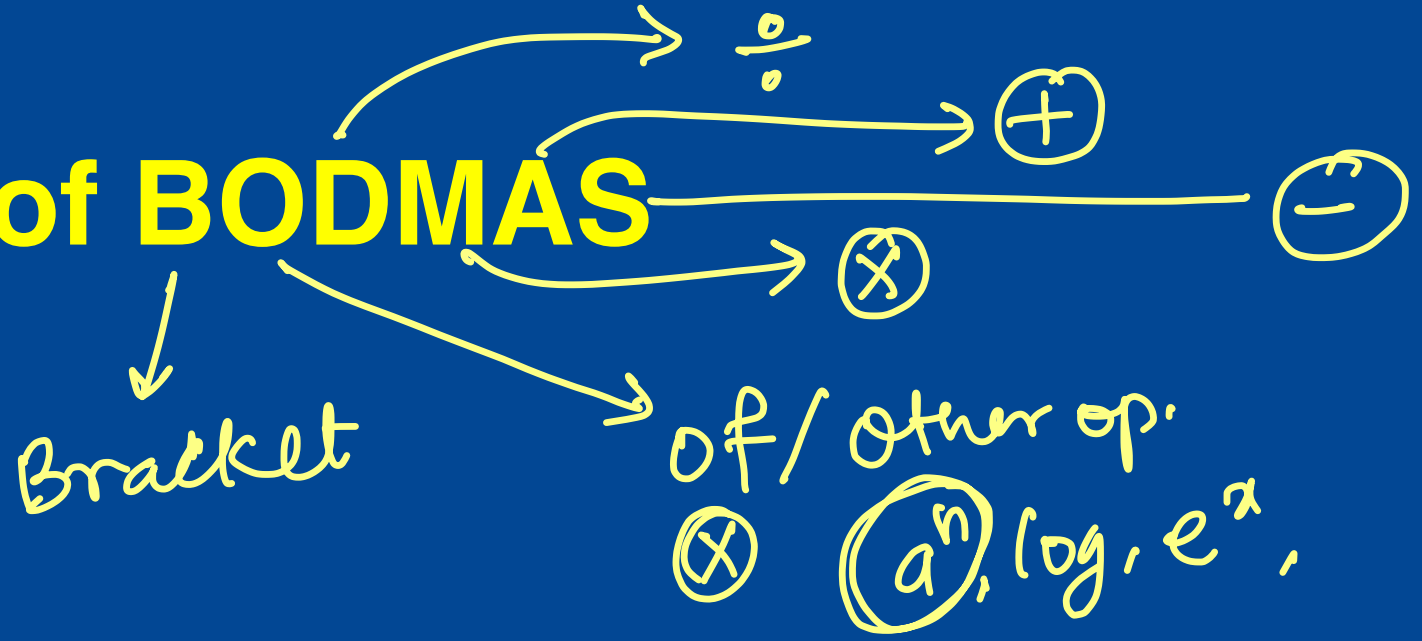


$$36 + 2 \times 5 + \left(\frac{B}{A} \right)$$

BODMAS



Rule of BODMAS





If 567567567 is divided by 567, the quotient is

- (a) 111
- (b) 10101
- ~~(c) 1001001~~
- (d) 3

$$\begin{array}{r} 1001001 \leftarrow \text{Quotient} \\ \hline 567 \overline{) 567567567} \\ \underline{567} \\ 0567 \\ \underline{567} \\ 0567 \\ \underline{0567} \\ 000000000000 \end{array}$$



How many $\frac{1}{8}$ are in $\frac{1}{2}$?

- (a) 8
- (b) 4
- (c) 2
- (d) 16

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8} \times x$$

$$\frac{8}{2} = x \Rightarrow x = 4$$



When 121012 is divided by 12, the remainder is

(a) 0

(b) 2

(c) 3

(d) 4

$$\frac{121012}{12} = \frac{10084}{1}$$

4



book x y - pencil

Ram went to a market and bought one copy of a Mathematics book and two pencils for Rs.165. Rahim went to the same market and bought another copy of the same book and ten pencils of the same brand for Rs.169. The price of each pencil was

- (a) Rs. 0.50
- (b) Rs. 1
- (c) Rs. 0.75
- (d) Rs. 2

Ram	1	2	→	165
Rahim	1	10	→	169
		8	→	Rs. 4

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 2y = 165 \\ - \quad x + 10y = 169 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} +8y = +4 \\ y = 4/8 = 0.5 \end{array}$$

1 pencil = 0.50



Simplify:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{2} \right]}{1 \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } \frac{3}{4} - \frac{3}{4} \text{ of } \frac{4}{5}} = ?$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{-1}{10} \right)}{\frac{5}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} - \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{5}}$$

A

a) $\frac{37}{78}$

b) $\frac{37}{13}$

c) $\frac{74}{78}$

d) $\frac{74}{13}$

$$\frac{\frac{N_1}{D_1}}{\frac{N_2}{D_2}} = \frac{N_1 \times D_2}{D_1 \times N_2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{40}}{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{3}{5}} = \frac{\frac{40-3}{120}}{\frac{25-12}{20}} = \frac{37}{6 \times 13}$$

$$\frac{37}{78}$$



Conjugate MFD

The value of

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}+\sqrt{3}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{100}+\sqrt{99}} = ?$$

a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}-\sqrt{3}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{99}-\sqrt{98}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{100}-\sqrt{99}}$

B

~~b) 9~~

c) $\sqrt{99}$

d) $\sqrt{99} - 1$

$\frac{-\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{100}}{-1 + \dots} \rightarrow 10 \neq 9$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1}}{(\sqrt{2})^2 - (\sqrt{1})^2}$$
$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1}}{1}$$



Which of the following value will come in the place of ?

$$\frac{128 + 16x - 7 \times 2}{7^2 - 8 \times 6 + ?^2} = 1$$

a) 17

b) 16

c) 18

d) 3

$$\frac{8x - 14}{49 - 48 + x^2} = 1$$

$$8x - 14 = 1 + x^2$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 1 + 14 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 15 = 0$$

$$(x-3)(x-5) \Rightarrow x = 3/5$$





- a) 11/6
- b) 13/6
- c) 15/6
- d) None

$$1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{5}} = ?$$
$$= 1 + \frac{1}{\frac{6}{5}} = 1 + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{11}{6}$$



$\uparrow x, 2x \rightarrow y, 4y$

A man has some hens and cows. If the number of heads: number of feet = 12: 35, find out the number of hens, if the number of heads alone is 48

- (a) 23
- ~~(b) 26~~
- (c) 24
- (d) 22

$$\frac{H}{F} = \frac{12}{35}$$
$$H = 12x \quad F = 35x$$
$$48 = 12x \quad = 35 \times y$$
$$x = 4 \quad = \underline{140}$$
$$x + y = 48 \Rightarrow x = \underline{26}$$
$$2x + 4y = 140$$
$$x + 2y = 70$$
$$- x + y = 48$$

$$y = 22$$



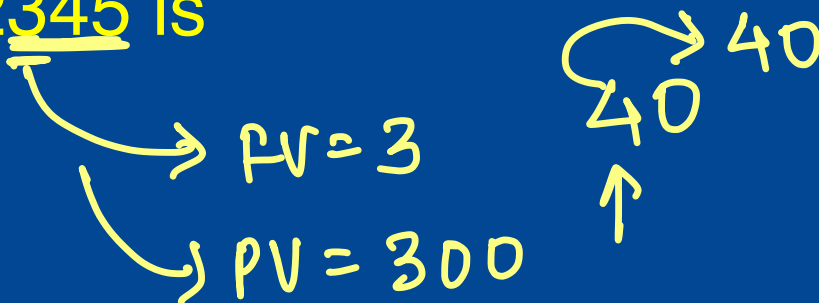
The difference of the place value and the face value of the number 3 in 12345 is

(a) 299

(b) 297

(c) 298

(d) None of the above





Worksheet

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Subs



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