

MCA CET 2025

MATHS RATIO & PROPORTION MAH MCA CET 2025 FREE CRASH COURSE









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FOR MAH MCA CET 2025



Ratio

The ratio between x and y can be represented as x: y, where x is called antecedent and y is called consequent.

$$\frac{x}{y} = x: y$$



Comparison of RatiosIf $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ ad > cbd < cbd < cbd < cbd < cbd < cb

ad = cb : $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$



Proportion



- An equality of two ratios is called the proportion.
- a : b :: c : d, where symbol :: represents proportion and it is read as 'a is to b' as 'c is to d'.
- a and d are extremes and b and c are means.



Continued Proportion

If a : b :: b : c then c is the 3rd Proportional

 $\begin{array}{ccc} a & b \\ b & c \end{array} \xrightarrow{b} \begin{array}{c} c & b \\ c & b \end{array} \xrightarrow{b} \begin{array}{c} c & b \\ c & c \end{array} \xrightarrow{b} \begin{array}{c} c & b \\ c & c \end{array}$



Continued Proportion

If a : b :: c : d then d is the 4th Proportional

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} \implies d = \frac{bxc}{a}$$



Mean Proportional

• Mean proportional between a and b is \sqrt{ab}



 $\frac{b}{c} = \frac{2}{5} \frac{x^2}{x^2} = \frac{4}{10}$ $\frac{Q}{b} = \frac{3}{4}$

b:c = 2:5Find a:b:c?

Гір



Equal the value of 'b' a:b:c = 3×2 : 4×2 : 5×4 = 6 : 8 : 20 = 3 : 4 : 10



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a : b ', c ; d Тір 2-2-2-2 3 - 3 2 - 2 a:b = 1:2 b:c = 3:214 4 3 c:d = 1:3Find a:b:c:d? a:b:c:d = 5:6:5:7



Tip : For a number divided in ratio

• If x is divided in a : b, then

 $1st part = \frac{ax}{a+b}$ $2nd part = \frac{bx}{a+b}$ $\frac{18t}{3} = \frac{3\times100}{8}$ $\frac{18t}{3} = \frac{3\times100}{8}$ $\frac{2M2}{3} = \frac{5\times100}{8}$

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3:5



Tip : For a number divided in ratio

• If x is divided in a : b : c, then

 $1st \, part = \frac{ax}{a+b+c}$

 $2nd \ part = \frac{bx}{a+b+c}$

 $3rd part = \frac{cx}{a+b+c}$



Income Expenditure Ratio

The incomes of two persons are in ratio of a : b and their expenditures are in the ratio of c : d. If each of them saves Rs. X,

then their incomes are

$$\frac{X(d-c)}{ad-bc} \times a \text{ and } \frac{X(d-c)}{ad-bc} \times b$$

Their expenditures are

$$\frac{X(b-a)}{ad-bc} \times c$$
 and $\frac{X(b-a)}{ad-bc} \times d$

ab Jab If x is subtracted from each of 23, 39, 32 and 56, the numbers so obtained in this order are in proportion. What is the mean proportional between (x + 4) and (3x + 1)? (d) 14 Componend-(b) 10 🗸 🌾 12 (a) 1<u>5</u> Dehidendo = 32-X 23-2 Q+6 C+q56-x 0-6 39-7 C--0 $\frac{23 - x + 39 - x}{23 - x - 39 + x} = \frac{32 - x + 56 - x}{32 - x - 56 + x}$ 372-12x= 352-8n $20 = 4x \Rightarrow x = 5$ $\frac{62-2x}{76} = \frac{88-2x}{724} \Rightarrow \frac{31-x}{8} = \frac{44-x}{12}$ $9 \times 10 = 3 \times 4$



3%What is the ratio of the mean proportional between 4.8 and 10.8 and the third proportional to 0.4 and 2.4? (a) 2 : 1 (b) 3 : 2 (c) 1 : 2 (d) 2 : 3

J4.8×10.8 151.84

64

B

 $C = 2.4 \times 2^{2}$ $C = 2.4 \times 6.$



If (5a - 3b) : (4a - 2b) = 2:3, then a:b is equal to (d)5:7 (b)2:3 (c)5:8 (a)3:4 ⇒ 15a-9b = 8a-4b 5a-36 4a-26 $= \frac{.2}{3}$ Fa = 56 15-7 9 10



If a:b=2:5, c:b=3:4, then a:b:c is equal to: (a) 6:15:20 (b) 8:20:15(c) 2:5:4 (d) 2:5:3

q:b=2:5 = 8:20b:c=4:3 = 20:15



Two numbers are in the ratio 3:4. On increasing each of them by 30, the ratio becomes 9:10. The numbers are :

(a) 30,40 · $\frac{\pi}{y} = \frac{3}{y}$ (#) 15,20 (c) 12,1<u>6 -</u> $\Rightarrow \chi = 3Y$ (d) 18,24 4 30y + 1200 = 36y + 1080

 $\frac{2(+30)}{9+30} = \frac{9}{10}$ + 3.0 10 -30) $\frac{39 + 120}{-49 + 120} = -9.$

abc What is the ratio between the fourth proportional of 3, 4, 9 and the mean proportional between 2 and 98? (a) 7:8 (b) 7:6 (c) 8:7 $a = \frac{c}{b} \Rightarrow d = \frac{b \times c}{a} = \frac{4 \times 4^3}{3}$ $2 \times 98 = \int 2 \times 2 \times 49 = 2 \times 9 = 14$



In an office of 1200 employees, the ratio of urban to rural members of staff is 8: 7. After joining some new employees, out of which 20 are rural, the ratio becomes 5: 4. The number of new urban employees is:

(a) 100 (b) 85 (c) 76 (d) 108

 $\frac{V}{0} = \frac{8}{7} = \frac{640}{560}$ 640+x 580 5/5

 $2560 + 4\pi = 2900$ $4\pi = 340$ $\pi = 340$ 4= 85



The ratio of the income of A to that of B is 5:7. A and B save Rs. 4000 and Rs. 5000 respectively. If the expenditure of A is equal to 66 2/3 % of the expenditure of B, then the total income of A and B is :

 $\frac{A}{B} = \frac{5}{7} \dot{\chi}'$ (k) Rs. 24,000 (a) Rs. 25,200 (c) Rs. 26,400 (d) Rs. 28,800 B = (7x)5x - 4000 = 6.6 = 7.06 (7x - 5000)A = (5x)Income: 5000 4000, savings! $= \frac{200}{300} \times (7\times -5000)$ 72-5000 5x-4000 Exp. $\frac{\chi}{3} = \frac{2000}{3} = \chi = 2000^{3}$ 5x - 4000 = 14x - 100005n - 14n = -10000 + 4000 = 32n = 12x2000-24000



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(a) 50

There are 150 students in a school. If the ratio between the number of boys and girls is 4:1 then find the mean proportional between the number of boys and girls. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} 60$ Grivers = 30

(c) 30

 $Boys = \frac{4\times150}{5} = 120$

(b) 40













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