

MEGA REVISION

SERIES

DAY 26

FOR BBA BBM BMS BCA

MATHS

*Basics
Arithmetic*

COMPLETE REVISION



INVINCIBLE 2.0
MAH CET BBA BCA
& CUET UG GT 2025





JOIN US ON  WHATSAPP



SUBS

JOIN US ON  TELEGRAM



FOR MAH CET FOR BBA BBM BMS BCA
& CUET UG PAPER 3 GENERAL TEST

To enroll for SUPER BUNDLE visit : updatestoday.in



What is the value of $48 \div 12 \times (4 \div 2)$?

(A) 1

☒ (B) 8

(C) 2

(D) 16

$\overline{\overline{4 \div 2}}$
↓
2

$$\frac{48}{12} \times 2$$

$\div \times + -$
BOIDMAS
↓ of (x)
Bracket

Simplification

Average

R & P

Profit/Loss

Sets

Probability



Simplify: ~~544+384+144-144~~ $\frac{21}{4} + \frac{25}{8} \div \frac{5}{4} - \frac{5}{4}$

(A) ~~644~~

(B) ~~524~~

(C) ~~744~~

(D) ~~624~~

$$5\frac{1}{4} + 3\frac{1}{8} \div 1\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{1}{4}$$

(a) $6\frac{1}{4}$

(b) $5\frac{1}{2}$

(c) $7\frac{1}{4}$ (d) $6\frac{1}{2}$ ✓

$6\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{25}{8} \times \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{21}{4} + \frac{5 \times 2}{2 \times 2} - \frac{5}{4} &= \frac{21 + 10 - 5}{4} \\ &= \frac{26}{4} = \frac{13}{2} \end{aligned}$$



What is the value of $100 \times 2 - [300 - \{200 - (100 - 50)\}]$?

- (A) 50
- (B) 100
- (C) 150
- (D) 200

$$\begin{array}{r} 200 - 50 \\ \hline 300 - 150 \end{array}$$

$$100 \times 2 - 150$$

$$200 - 150$$

$$= \underline{\underline{50}}$$



What is the value of 50% of 80+25% of 120?

(A) 60

☒ (B) 70

(C) 80

(D) 90

$$\begin{array}{r} 40 \\ \hline 50 \\ 100 \end{array} \times 80 + \begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \hline 25 \\ 100 \\ 4 \end{array} \times 120$$

$$= 40 + 30 = \underline{\underline{70}}$$



Simplify: ~~$4\frac{3}{4} - 1\frac{1}{2}$~~

- (A) ~~$3/4$~~
- (B) $1/2$
- (C) 1
- (D) $5/4$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{1}$$



What is the smallest prime number?

(A) 0

(B) 1

☒ (C) 2

(D) 3

→ neither prime nor composite
→ even prime no./ smallest prime.
→ smallest odd prime no.



What is 40% of 200?

(A) 40

(B) 60

(C) 80

(D) 100

$$\frac{40}{100} \times 200$$



A score of 60 out of 80 is what percentage?

(A) 60%

(B) 70%

☒ (C) 75%

(D) 80%

$$\frac{3 \cancel{60}^{25}}{\cancel{40}} \times \cancel{100} = 75\%$$



A number decreased by 20% becomes 160. What is the original number?

(A) 180

(B) 192

☒ (C) 200

(D) 210

$$x - 20\% \text{ of } x = 160$$

$$x - \frac{20}{100} \times x = 160$$

$$x - \frac{20x}{100} = 160$$

$$\frac{100x - 20x}{100} = 160$$

$$\frac{80x}{100} = 160$$

$$x = 200$$



If x is 80% of y, what percentage is y of x?

(A) 100%

(B) 110%

(C) 120%

(D) 125%

$$x = \frac{80}{100} y$$

$$y = \frac{100}{80} x = \frac{5}{4} x$$

$$\frac{5}{4} x \times 100 = \underline{\underline{125\%}}$$



Find the average of the numbers: 10, 15, 20, 25, 30.

(A) 15

(B) 20

(C) 25

(D) 18

$$\text{Avg} = \frac{\text{sum of numbers}}{\text{total no. of numbers.}}$$

$$= \frac{100}{5} = 20$$



The average weight of 10 students is 55 kg. If a student weighing 65 kg leaves the group, what is the average weight of the remaining 9 students?

- (A) 54 kg
- (B) 54.5 kg
- ~~(C) 53.89 kg~~
- (D) 55 kg

$$\text{Avg (10 student)} = \frac{\text{total of 10}}{10} = 55$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{total of 10} &= 550 - 65 \\ &= \underline{\underline{485}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Avg of 9} = \frac{485}{9} = 53$$



The average marks of 30 students in Section A is 60, and the average marks of 20 students in Section B is 70. What is the average marks of all students in both sections?

(A) 64

(B) 65

(C) 66

(D) 68

$$\text{Avg of A} = \frac{\text{total}}{30} = 60$$

$$T(A) = 60 \times 30 = 1800$$

$$T(B) = 1400$$

$$\text{Total} = \frac{T(A) + T(B)}{30 + 20} = \frac{1800 + 1400}{50}$$

$$= \frac{3200}{50} = 64$$



The average of 11 results is 50. If the average of the first 6 results is 49 and that of the last 6 results is 52, find the sixth result.

(A) 50

(B) 52

(C) 56

(D) 60

$$\text{Total} = 11 \times 50 = 550$$

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

$$\text{Total of first 6} = 6 \times 49 = \underline{294}$$

$$\text{Total of last 6} = 6 \times 52 = 312$$

$$\begin{aligned} 6^{\text{th}} \text{ value} &= 294 + 312 - 550 \\ &= 606 - 550 = \underline{\underline{56}} \end{aligned}$$



If $A:B=3:4$ and $B:C=8:9$, find $A:C$.

- (A) 1:2
- ☒ (B) 2:3
- (C) 3:2
- (D) 1:3

$$A:B = 3:4 = 6:8$$
$$B:C = 8:9$$

$$A:B:C = 6:8:9$$

$$A:C = 6:9$$
$$= \underline{\underline{2:3}}$$



Two numbers are in the ratio 4:5. If their sum is 81, find the numbers.

(A) 36, 45

(B) 40, 41

(C) 32, 49

(D) 28, 53

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{4}{5} \Rightarrow 5x = 4y$$

$$5x - 4y = 0 \quad \text{--- ①}$$

$$\Rightarrow x + y = 81$$

$$4x + 4y = 324$$

$$5x - 4y = 0$$

$$9x = 324$$

$$x = \frac{324}{9} = \underline{\underline{36}}$$



The ratio of the ages of Ram and Shyam is $\frac{x}{y} = \frac{5}{7}$. If the sum of their ages is 48 years, what is Ram's age?

- (A) 15 years
- (B) 20 years
- (C) 25 years
- (D) 28 years

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{5}{7} \Rightarrow 7x = 5y$$

$$7x - 5y = 0$$

$$5x \quad x + y = 48 \times 5 \quad + 5x + 5y = 240$$

$$12x = 240$$

$$x = \frac{240}{12}$$

$$x = 20$$

ALIKE SIGN
= ADD
SAME SIGN
= SUB



What is the mean proportional between 9 and 16?

- (A) 12
- (B) 12.5
- (C) 13
- (D) 14

a c

a, b, c are in
prop.

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{b}{c}$$

$$b^2 = ac$$

mean
Prop.

$$\Rightarrow b = \sqrt{ac}$$

$$b = \sqrt{9 \times 16}$$

$$= \sqrt{144}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{12}}$$



If $a:b=1:2$, $b:c=3:4$, find $a:b:c$.

(A) 1:2:4

(B) 3:6:8

(C) 1:3:4

(D) 3:4:8

$\times 3 \times 3$

$$a:b = 1:\textcircled{2} = 3:6$$

$$b:c = \textcircled{3}:4 = 6:8$$

$\times 2 : \times 2$

$$a:b:c = \underline{\underline{3:6:8}}$$



An item is sold for Rs. 450 at a loss of 10%. What is the cost price?

(A) Rs. 400

(B) Rs. 495

(C) Rs. 500

(D) Rs. 550

$$SP = 450$$

$$10\% = \text{loss}$$

NOTE:

$$\text{Profit} = SP - CP$$

$$\text{Loss} = CP - SP$$

$$\text{Profit}\% = \frac{\text{Profit}}{CP} \times 100$$

$$\text{Loss}\% = \frac{\text{Loss}}{CP} \times 100$$

$$\frac{90}{100} CP = 450$$

$$CP = \frac{450 \times 100}{90}$$

$$\underline{\underline{CP = 500}}$$



A shopkeeper marks his goods 20% above the cost price and allows a discount of 10% on the marked price. Find his profit percent.

(A) 8%

(B) 10%

(C) 12%

(D) 18%

$$\underline{\underline{100}} = CP$$

$$\underline{MP = 120}$$

$$Discount = 10\%$$

$$SP = 120 - 12 = \underline{\underline{108}}$$

$$= 8\%$$



A man buys an item for Rs. 500 and sells it at a profit of 30%. What is the selling price?

(A) Rs. 530

(B) Rs. 600

☒ (C) Rs. 650

(D) Rs. 700

$$CP = 500$$

$$\text{Profit} = 30\%$$

$$30\% \text{ of } 500 = 150$$

$$SP = 500 + 150 = \underline{\underline{650}}$$



A man sells two articles for Rs. 500 each. On one, he gains 25% and on the other, he loses 25%. What is his overall gain or loss percent?

- (A) 6.25% gain
- ☒ (B) 6.25% loss
- (C) No profit no loss
- (D) 5% loss

1000

1000

$$SP = 500 \Rightarrow CP = 400$$

$$\frac{\text{Profit} = 100}{SP = 500}$$

$$SP = 500 \Rightarrow \frac{75x}{100} = 500$$
$$= \frac{500 \times 100}{75}$$
$$= \frac{2000}{3} = 666.$$
$$\frac{44}{956} \Rightarrow CP$$



The sum of three consecutive integers is 63. What is the middle integer?

(A) 20

(B) 21

(C) 22

(D) 23

$$x + x + 1 + x + 3 = 63$$

$$3x + 3 = 63$$

$$3x = 63 - 3$$

$$3x = 60$$

$$x = 20$$

$$x + 1 = \textcircled{21}$$



If one-fourth of a number exceeds its one-fifth by 5, find the number.

- (A) 80
- (B) 90
- (C) 100
- (D) 120

Entrance
is
same

BBA
B.A.
BMS
BBM
Intg. MBA/MCA

$$\frac{x}{4} - \frac{x}{5} = 5$$

$$\frac{5x - 4x}{20} = 5$$

$$\frac{x}{20} = 5$$

$$x = 5 \times 20 = \underline{100}$$

x y

A father is 30 years older than his son. In 12 years, the father will be three times as old as his son. Find their present ages.

- (A) Father 36, Son 6
(B) Father 39, Son 9
(C) Father 42, Son 12
(D) Father 48, Son 18

$$x - y = 30$$

$$-x + 3y = 24$$

$$2y = 6$$

$y = 3$	$x = 33$
---------	----------

$$x = y + 30$$

$$x - y = 30 \text{ ——— } \textcircled{1}$$

$$(x + 12) = 3(y + 12)$$

$$x + 12 = 3y + 36$$

$$x - 3y = 24$$



Two coins are tossed simultaneously. What is the probability of getting exactly one head?

(A) $1/4$

(B) $1/3$

☒ (C) $1/2$

(D) $3/4$

$$S = \{ \underset{=}{HH}, \underset{=}{HT}, \underset{=}{TH}, \underset{=}{TT} \}$$

$$n(S) = 4$$

$$P(A) = \frac{n(A)}{n(S)} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$



A bag contains 3 red balls and 5 blue balls. What is the probability of drawing a blue ball?

(A) $3/8$

(B) $5/8$

(C) $3/5$

(D) $5/3$

$$n(S) = 8$$

$$\frac{5}{8}$$



The probability of an event happening is 0.6. What is the probability of the event not happening?

(A) 0.4

(B) 0.6

(C) 1

(D) 0

$$0 \leq P(A) \leq 1$$

$$\text{winning} = x$$

$$\text{lossing} = (-x)$$

Three coins are tossed. What is the probability of getting exactly two tails?

(A) $1/8$

(B) $2/8$

(C) $3/8$

(D) $4/8$

$$S = \{ HHH, HHT, HTH, \underline{HTH}, THT, HTT, THT, TTH, TTT \}$$

$n(S) = 8$

$$\frac{3}{8}$$



$$\curvearrowright U = 60 \quad \swarrow A \quad \swarrow B$$

In a group of 60 people, 35 speak Hindi, 45 speak English and 20 speak both Hindi and English. How many people speak at least one of these two languages?

(A) 50

(B) 55

(C) 60

(D) 65

$$U = 60$$

SETS



Intersection
Rule for 2 sets
Union

$$n(A)$$

$$20 = n(A \cap B)$$

$$n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B)$$

$$= 35 + 45 - 20$$

$$= 80 - 20 = \underline{\underline{60}}$$



↓ A ↓ B

In a survey, 70% of people like coffee and 40% like tea. If each person likes at least one of the two drinks and 50 people like both, find the total number of people surveyed.

(A) 100

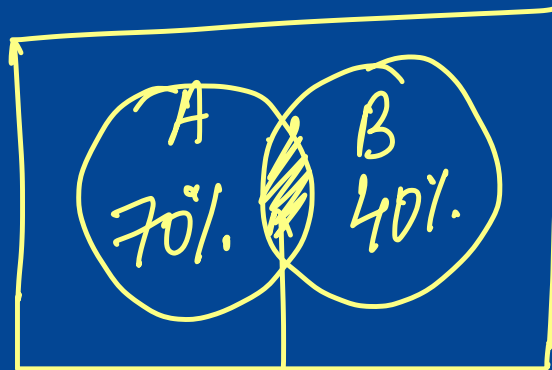
(B) 200

(C) 250

(D) 500

$$10\% = 50$$

$$100\% = \underline{\underline{500}}$$



$$V = 100\% = n(A \cup B)$$

$$n(A \cap B) = 70\% = ? = 10\% = 50$$

$$n(A \cap B) = n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cup B)$$

$$= 70 + 40 - 100 = 110 - 100$$
$$= 10$$



If $18:x::x:8$, find the value of x .

(A) 10

(B) 11

☒ (C) 12

(D) 14

$$\frac{18}{x} = \frac{x}{8}$$

$$x^2 = 18 \times 8$$

$$x^2 = 144$$

$$x = 12$$



The age of A and B is in the ratio 1: 3. After 10 years, the ratio of their ages will become 1:2. Find the average of their ages after 20 years.

(a) 22 (b) 40

(c) 37 (d) 30

$$\frac{A+B}{2} = \frac{80}{2} = 40$$

$$\frac{A}{B} = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow 3A = B$$

$$B = 30$$

$$\frac{A+10}{B+10} = \frac{1}{2}$$

B = 50
after 20 yrs

$$2(A+10) = B+10$$

$$A = 30$$

$$2A+20 = 3A+10$$

$$20-10 = 3A-2A \Rightarrow A = 10$$



Find the average of the first 100 natural numbers.

(a) 50.50 (b) 52.50 (c) 51.50 (d) 49

$$\text{Avg} = \frac{\text{sum of 100 nos}}{100}$$

$$= \frac{5050}{100} = 50.5$$

Take Note

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

\uparrow
 t_1

\uparrow
diff

Avg + Arithmetic Progression

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [t_1 + t_n]$$

$$t_1 = 1$$

$$t_{100} = 100$$

$$S_{100} = \frac{100}{2} [1 + 100]$$

$$= 101 \times 50$$

$$= \underline{\underline{5050}}$$



Find the average of all prime numbers between 20 and 50.

(a) 35.8 (b) 34.65 (c) 35.85 (d) 31.8

23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47

$$\frac{251}{7} = \underline{\underline{35.85}}$$

60

4



The average score of a cricketer in three matches is 33 runs and in two other matches, it is 23 runs. Find the average in all the five matches.

(a) 31 (b) 26 (c) 29 (d) 28

$$T_3 = 33 \times 3$$

$$T_3 = 99$$

$$T_2 = 23 \times 2$$

$$T_2 = 46$$

$$\frac{99 + 46}{5} = \frac{145}{5}$$

$$= 29$$

MAH

SUPER BUNDLE

visit: updatestoday.in

- ✓ 12 Sectional Mock Tests
- ✓ 13 Full Length Mock Tests
- ✓ PYQs Solution Booklet
- ✓ GK & Current Affairs Bundle

Rs. 699 ~~Rs. 948~~



Scan QR Code to Enroll Now



INVINCIBLE 2.0
MAH CET BBA BCA
2025






JOIN US ON  **WHATSAPP**



Sub

JOIN US ON  **TELEGRAM**



**FOR MAH CET FOR BBA BBM BMS BCA
& CUET UG PAPER 3 GENERAL TEST**